

## Recombinant Mouse GM-CSF

Catalog No.: RP0018

### Basic Information

#### Information

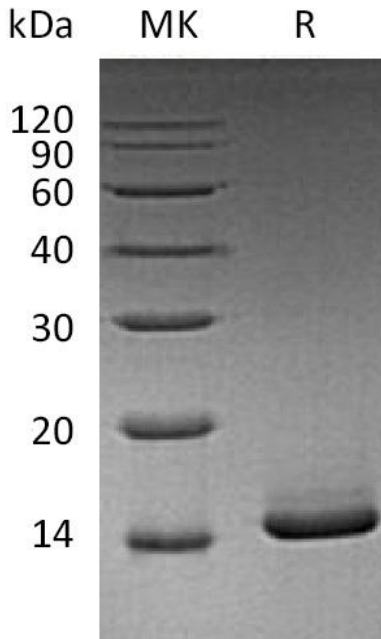
<b>Source</b>	<i>E.coli</i>
<b>Description</b>	Recombinant Mouse Granulocyte-Macrophage Colony-Stimulating Factor is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Ala18-Lys141 is expressed.
<b>Accession</b>	P01587
<b>Known As</b>	Granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor; Csf2; GM-CSF; Colony-stimulating factor; Csfgm
<b>Predicted Mol Mass</b>	14.2 KDa
<b>Apparent Mol Mass</b>	15 KDa, reducing conditions

#### Properties

<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 1mM EDTA, pH 8.0.
<b>Storage</b>	Lyophilized protein should be stored at ≤ -20°C, stable for one year after receipt. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 2-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at ≤ -20°C for 3 months.
<b>Endotoxin</b>	< 0.01 EU/µg as determined by LAL test.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.

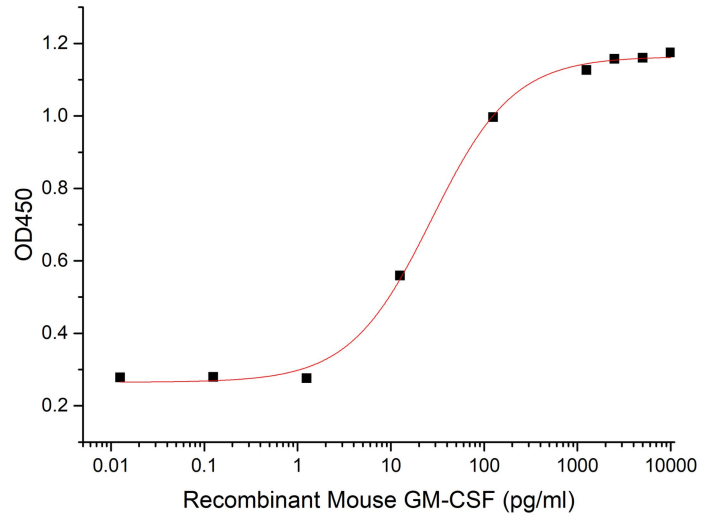
## Experimental Data

### Purity-SDS-PAGE



Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. (QC verified)

### Bioactivity-Cell Based Assay



Measured in a cell proliferation assay using FDC-P1 cells. The ED50 for this effect is 15-50 pg/ml. (QC verified)

## Background

Granulocyte-Macrophage Colony Stimulating Factor (GM-CSF) was initially characterized as a growth factor that can support the in vitro colony formation of granulocyte-macrophage progenitors. It is produced by a number of different cell types (including activated T cells, B cells, macrophages, mast cells, endothelial cells and fibroblasts) in response to cytokine of immune and inflammatory stimuli. Besides granulocyte-macrophage progenitors, GM-CSF is also a growth factor for erythroid, megakaryocyte and eosinophil progenitors. On mature hematopoietic, monocytes/ macrophages and eosinophils. GM-CSF has a functional role on nonhematopoietic cells. It can induce human endothelial cells to migrate and proliferate. Additionally, GM-CSF can also stimulate the proliferation of a number of tumor cell lines, including osteogenic sarcoma, carcinoma and adenocarcinoma cell lines.