# **Recombinant Human TGF-beta 1**

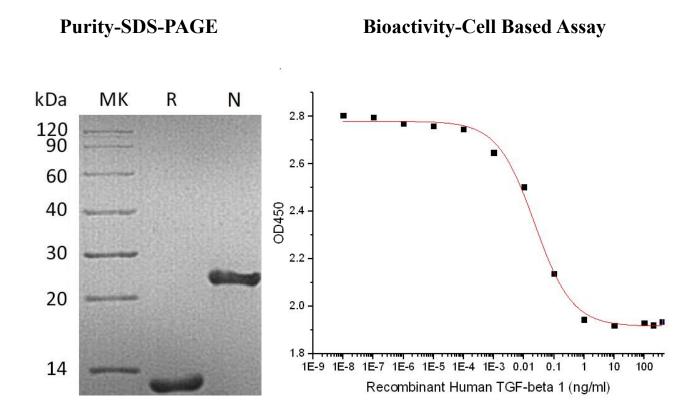
## Catalog No.: RP0006

### **Basic Information**

Information	
Source	Human Cells
Description	Recombinant Human Transforming Growth Factor Beta 1 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Ala279-Ser390 is expressed.
Accession	P01137
Known As	Transforming Growth Factor Beta-1; TGF-Beta-1; Latency-Associated Peptide; LAP; TGFB1; TGFB
<b>Predicted Mol Mass</b>	12.8 KDa
<b>Apparent Mol Mass</b>	13 KDa, reducing conditions
Properties	
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 50mM Glycine-HCl, 150mM NaCl, pH 2.5.
Storage	Lyophilized protein should be stored at $\leq$ -20°C, stable for one year after receipt. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 2-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at $\leq$ -20°C for 3 months.
Endotoxin	$< 0.01 \text{ EU}/\mu g$ as determined by LAL test.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening.Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.

#### **Reed Biotech Ltd**

#### **Experimental Data**



Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. (QC verified)

Measured by its ability to inhibit the IL-4-dependent proliferation of TF-1 human erythroleukemic cells. The ED50 for this effect is 4-40 pg/ml. (QC verified)

### Background

Transforming Growth Factor  $\beta$ -1 (TGF $\beta$ -1) is a secreted protein which belongs to the TGF- $\beta$  family. TGF $\beta$ -1 is abundantly expressed in bone, articular cartilage and chondrocytes and is increased in osteoarthritis (OA). TGF $\beta$ -1 performs many cellular functions, including the control of cell growth, cell proliferation, cell differentiation and apoptosis. The precursor is cleaved into a latency-associated peptide (LAP) and a mature TGF $\beta$ -1 peptide. TGF $\beta$ -1 may also form heterodimers with other TGF $\beta$  family members. It has been found that TGF $\beta$ -1 is frequently upregulated in tumor cells. Mutations in this gene results in Camurati-Engelmann disease.